

Our Right to Food: Affording to eat well in a Good Food Nation





Our Right to Food: Vision

A Scotland where everyone is able to afford food that keeps them healthy and well.



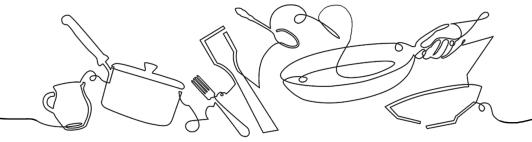


Creating Case Study Families

Involving Community Advisors

- 4 groups of volunteers
- 26 women from across Scotland

People who know what it is like to shop for, prepare and eat food with families in Scotland today.





Creating Case Study Families

Robinsons and Browns

- 2 parents
- 3 children (aged 7, 10 and 15)

Harris-McGregors and MacDougalls

- 1 parent
- 2 children (aged 2 and 5)







Weekly Meal Plans and Shopping Lists

When, where and how is the family eating?

Establish cooking and eating patterns

What food **does** the family eat each week?

Establish detailed 'typical' meal plan

What food <u>would</u> the family eat each week?

Establish healthy aspirations, review recommendations, negotiate 'healthy swaps and add ins'

Our weekly shopping list

Discuss and agree values and principles for item selection, refine list further

Review feedback, review amounts, confirm list contents

Finalising our family shopping list

Reviewed by public health nutritionists and feedback discussed



Finding a balance

Good fit for people's lives

Enjoyable

Healthy 'enough'





Why?

We wanted to explore what families would choose to include in a shopping list if income from benefits and wages were sufficient.





 Daily and weekly rhythms were seen to have a greater effect on the time and motivation to cook from scratch than kitchen skills.

 Sharing meals is highly valued, but different schedules and preferences make this challenging.





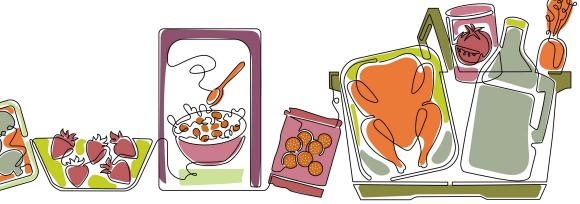
 Being able to celebrate special occasions and afford some choice in quality and brand are important parts of the right to food.





 The healthiest weekly meal plans that could be agreed by community advisors did not meet all the expectations of the Eatwell Guide or the majority of the Scottish Dietary Goals.

 The adults would be eating more fruit, veg and fibre than the Scottish population, fewer free sugars, but slightly more fat and saturated fat.





Total food and drink increased average of 15% (£21.56 per week)

% change Dec 21- Dec 22	Browns	Robinsons	Harris- McGregors	MacDougalls
Fruit and vegetables	14%	22%	17%	28%
Pasta, bread, cereal, rice, potatoes	12%	25%	26%	15%
Beans, pulses, fish, eggs, meat and other proteins	22%	22%	26%	20%
Dairy	26%	21%	39%	29%
Sweets, chocolate, crisps, pastries, biscuits and sugary drinks	3%	14%	0%	20%
Total excluding out of home, takeaway and celebrations	15%	18%	16%	21%



- Full shopping list cost 32% of the case study families' disposable income
- Compared to average incomes in Scotland
 - 32% couple with three children
 - 30% single parent with two children





Applying the learning

- Extending universal free school meal provision to P6-P7s would save the Browns nearly £30 per month.
- Recent changes to Scottish Child Payment would have provided the large families with an additional £75 per week.

